

Name: _____

Date: _____

Bhagavadgita-chapter-6

1. Who is the true mystic? BG 6.1

2. What The criterion of perfection to enjoying the fruits of work? BG 6.1

3. Who is the perfect sannyāsī, the perfect yogī? BG 6.1

4. What is Real sannyāsa-yoga or bhakti means? Bg 6.2

5. What is The real aim is for a living entity? BG 6.1

6. For what kind of person work is said to be the means? BG 6.3

7. For what kind of person cessation of all material activities is said to be the means? BG 6.3

8. What stage is called of yoga is called yogāruruṅṣu stage? BG 6.3

9. What is called yogārūḍha stage? BG 6.3

10. Which mental activity achieving perfect mental equilibrium to control the senses? BG 6.3

11. When A person is said to be elevated in yoga? BG 6.4

12. What The word ātmā denotes? BG 6.5

13. How a conditioned soul may be saved? bG 6.5

14. How mind is cause of bondage for men? BG 6.5

15. How can mind be best friend or enemy? Bg 6.6

16. What is the Real yoga practice entails? BG 6.6

17. Who is unaffected by the dualities of material existence? BG 6.7

18. What kind of person sees everything - whether it be pebbles, stones or gold - as the same? BG 6.8

19. Why Kṛṣṇa consciousness is the perfect yogī? BG 6.10

20. What is Sacred place refers to? Bg 6.11-12

21. Name few pilgrimage places of India? BG 6.11-12

22. Name few sacred rivers of India? BG 6.11-12

23. in Kali-yuga what is the best means of spiritual realization? Bg 6.11-12

24. What is the object of yoga practice? ^ .13-14

25. What is The ultimate goal in practicing yoga ? Bg 6.15

26. What is called param dhāma, or superior abodes.? BG 6.15

27. How One can overcome the path of birth and death? BG 6.15

28. What is recommended herein for the yogīs? BG 6.16

29. Who will suffer sinful reactions because of eating only polluted things? Bg 6.16

30. What kind of person influenced by the mode of ignorance? BG 6.16

31. How one can regulated in his habits of eating, sleeping, recreation and work? BG 6.17

32. Who is said to be well established in yoga? BG 6.17

33. How King Ambarīṣa engaged his mind on the lotus feet of Lord Kṛṣṇa? BG 6.18

34. What is called arcana? BG 6.18

35. What is called yukta in the Bhagavad-gītā? BG 6.18

36. Who`s mind is compared to as steady as a lamp in a windless place? BG 6.19

37. What is the primary characteristic of the yoga principle? BG 6.20-23

38. What is Puruṣārtha means? Bg 6.20-23

39. What is the meaning of kaivalyam by the monist? Bg 6.20-23

40. What is nirvāṇa? Bg 6.20-23

41. What are the two kinds of samādhi? BG 6.20-23

42. Who is said to have achieved samprajñāta-samādhi? Bg 6.20-23

43. What is asamprajñāta-samādhi? Bg 6.20-23

44. What kind of The yoga practitioner Success is sure? Bg 6.24

45. What happened to sparrow`s egg? Bg 6.24

46. Did the ocean to return sparrow`s eggs? Bg 6.24

47. Who promised to help sparrow? Bg 6.24

48. How the sparrow became happy by the grace of Garuḍa? Bg 6.24

49. Why God helps those who help themselves? BG 6.24

50. What is called pratyāhāra? Bg 6.25

51. What is trance, or samādhi? Bg 6.25

52. Who is called gosvāmī, or svāmī? Bg 6.26

53. Who is called go-dāsa, or the servant of the senses? BG 6.26

54. Which state is called Brahma-bhūta ? BG 6.27

55. What is Self-realization means? BG 6.28

56. What is called brahma-saṁsparśa? BG 6.28

57. What are the primarily, two energies Lord has? Bg 6.29

58. Is Kṛṣṇa conscious person different from Yogi? Bg 6.31

59. What is the highest stage of trance in yoga practice? Bg 6.31

60. Who is perfect yogī ? BG 6.32

61. What is the cause of the distress of a living entity? BG 6.32

62. What is the cause of happiness? Bg 6.32

63. What is being rejected by Arjuna out of a feeling of inability? BG 6.33

64. what is more difficult than controlling the wind? bg 6.34

65. What is the easiest way to control the mind, as suggested by Lord Caitanya? BG 6.34

66. How to curb the restless mind? BG 6.35

67. What is that practice? BG 6.35

68. What is Vairāgya means ? BG 6.35

69. What is called pareśānubhava? BG 6.35

70. Who cannot achieve success without becoming Kṛṣṇa conscious? BG 6.36

71. Who can easily achieves the result of yoga practice without separate endeavor? BG 6.36

72. What is the basic principle of self-realization? Bg 6.37

73. What are the three methods one to reach the supreme goal? BG 6.37

74. What is called yogāc calita-mānasaḥ? BG 6.37

75. What are two ways to progress? BG 6.38

76. What is the materialists way of progress? BG 6.38

77. What is the transcendence way of progress? Bg 6.38

78. What happenes when transcendentalist fails? BG 6.38

79. What is the meaning of riven cloud? BG 6.38

80. What is the meaning of brahmaṇaḥ pathi ? BG 6.38

81. Why the verdict of Kṛṣṇa is the final? BG 6.39

82. Why Kṛṣṇa conscious devotees alone can know what is what? BG 6.39

83. Humanity is divided in to how many sections? BG 6.40

A. 3

B. 2

C. 4

D. 5

84. What are the two sections of Humanity? BG 6.40

85. Who belongs to nonregulated section? BG 6.40

86. Who belongs to regulated section? BG 6.40

87. What are the three section of auspiciousness? BG 6.40

88. What are the two classes of unsuccessful yogīs? BG 6.41

89. What is the progress of The yogī who falls after a short period of practice ? BG 6.41

90. What is the progress of yogi one is fallen after long practice of yoga? BG 6.41

91. What is the advantage of Birth in a family of yogīs or transcendentalists ? Bg 6.42

92. Who an example of good birth for the revival of previous transcendental consciousness? BG 6.43

93. What is known as Bhārata-varṣa? BG 6.43

94. Why king Bharata in his next life known as Jaḍa Bharata? BG 6.43

95. How one can get complete perfection in Kṛṣṇa consciousness? BG 6.43

96. Who is far advanced in spiritual life? Bg 6.44

97. Who was Ṭhākura Haridāsa ? Bg 6.44

98. who accepted Ṭhākura Haridāsa as one of His most important disciples? BG 6.44

99. Why Ṭhākura Haridāsa was elevated to the post of nāmācārya by Lord Caitanya? BG 6.44

100. Why Thakura Haridasa is understood that in his previous life he must have passed through all the ritualistic methods of the Vedas? BG 6.44

101. How one becomes engaged in the transcendental loving service of the Lord? BG 6.45

102. Why A yogī is great in all circumstances? Bg 6.46

103. According to Lord krishna openion who is the highest of all? Bg 6.47

104. What kind on person will certainly fall down from his constitutional position? BG 6.47
