

Name: _____

Date: _____

Bhagavad-gita chapter-12

1. What Lord Krishna explained to Arjuna in the begining of 12th Chapter? BG 12.1

2. transcendentalists can be divided in to how many classes? name them? BG 12.1

3. What the personalist devotee engages himself in ? BG 12.1

4. What the impersonalist engage himself in? BG 12.1

5. Arjuna is here questioning Lord Krishna which position is better? BG 12.1

6. What answer Lord Krishna gives to Arjuna regarding Yoga? BG 12.2

7. How a pure devotee does everything for Kṛṣṇa? BG 12.2

8. What is action is in full samādhi? BG 12.2

9. Those who do not directly worship the Supreme Godhead, Kṛṣṇa still how they achieve the goal? BG 12.3-4

10. Who will know that Vāsudeva is all? BG 12.3-4

11. Who will surrenders unto Lord Kṛṣṇa? BG 12.3-4

12. How one approaches the Godhead? Bg 12.3-4

13. Why It is inferred that one has to approach Lord Kṛṣṇa? Bg 12.3-4

14. What is involved before one fully surrenders unto Lord Krishna? Bg 12.3-4

15. In order to perceive the Supersoul within the individual soul what one should do? BG 12.3-4

16. How one understand that the Supreme Soul is present everywhere? Bg 12.3-4

17. Who will sees soul only? BG 12.3-4

18. Whom the method of impersonal realization is very difficult? BG 12.3-4

19. Who are called jñāna-yogīs? BG 12.5

20. Who are called bhakti-yogīs? BG 12.5

21. What is the difference between jñāna-yoga and bhakti-yoga? BG 12.5

22. Why it is very difficult for individual sould to understand theory? BG 12.5

23. Why the bhakti-yogī accepts the Deity of Kṛṣṇa as worshipable? BG 12.5

24. What is the evidence in the Vedic literature that worship ? BG 12.5

25. What is saguṇa form of worship? BG 12.5

26. What is the absolute nature of the Supreme Lord? BG 12.5

27. What is called arcā-vigraha? BG 12.5

28. How Lord accept the services of the devotee? BG 12.5

29. Who should refer Vedic literatures as the Upaniṣads? BG 12.5

30. What kind of difficulty they face learning Upaniṣads? BG 12.5

31. Who will render service to māyā? BG 12.6-7

32. Why one should be fully devoted? BG 12.6-7

33. What is the standard of devotional service? BG 12.6-7

34. Who can sacrifice everything for Kṛṣṇa's satisfaction? BG 12.6-7

35. What attracts the devotee to the Personality of Godhead? BG 12.6-7

36. What Supreme Lord promises? BG 12.6-7

37. Those who are advanced in yoga practice what they can do? BG 12.6-7

38. What devotee has to do to transfer himself to the spiritual sky? BG 12.6-7

39. What a devotee does not need to practice ? BG 12.6-7

40. How Lord delivers the devotee from material existence? BG 12.6-7

41. Who should always prefer the process of devotional service to all other paths? BG 12.6-7

42. What is the specific benediction of devotional service? BG 12.6-7

43. What is the highest perfection of life? BG 12.6-7

44. One who is engaged in Lord Kṛṣṇa's devotional service how his life will be from the begining? BG 12.8

45. How a devotee lives in Kṛṣṇa? BG 12.8

46. How Lord internal potency are dancing on the tongue of the devotee? BG 12.8

47. How a devotee becomes Kṛṣṇa-ized by eating the remnants? BG 12.8

48. What is the first processes of bhakti-yoga? BG 12.9

49. What is the second process of Bhakti yoga? BG 12.9

50. in material existence how senses can be pured? BG 12.9

51. What is this the whole processe ? BG 12.9

52. To practice the regulative principles of bhakti-yoga what one should do? BG 12.9

53. What are the principles of bhakti-yoga? BG 12.9

54. How one will surely bring one to the stage of love of God? BG 12.9

55. if one is not able even to practice the regulative principles of bhakti-yoga what he should do? BG 12.10

56. How one can be performed for the satisfaction of Kṛṣṇa? BG 12.10

57. How voluntary service to the cause of Kṛṣṇa consciousness will help one to rise to a higher state ? BG 12.10

58. If one attaches himself directly to the activities of Kṛṣṇa consciousness and he has problem from family or other problem what he should do? BG 12.11

59. How one can sacrifice the accumulated result of his activities to some good cause? BG 12.11

60. How by the practice of giving up the fruits of one's activities one is sure to purify his mind gradually? BG 12.11

61. Is Kṛṣṇa consciousness is dependent on any other experience? BG 12.11

62. How one may try to give up the results of his actions? BG 12.11

63. yataḥ pravṛttir bhūtānām what is the meaning of this verse? BG 12.11

64. How many kinds of devotional service are their and what are they? BG 12.12

65. by knowledge how one can be able to understand Lord? BG 12.12

66. What sort of meditation is preferred if one is unable to engage in devotional service? BG 12.12

67. How By meditation one can be able to understand the Supreme Personality of Godhead? BG 12.12

68. Who all should employ the result of karma for some good cause? BG 12.12

69. In summary, to reach the Supreme Personality of Godhead, the highest goal how many process are there? BG 12.12

70. Which process is direct? BG 12.12

71. Which process is gradual development? BG 12.12

72. Why the indirect process is not recommended for Arjuna? BG 12.12

73. as far as Bhagavad-gītā is concerned, why it is the direct method that is stressed? BG 12.12

74. What is the transcendental qualifications of a pure devotee? BG 12.13-14

75. What he thinks if a person becomes his enemy? BG 12.13-14

76. Whenever a devotee is in distress or has fallen into difficulty what he thinks? Bg 12.13-14

77. What pure devotee thinks that by the mercy of the Supreme Personality of Godhead? BG 12.13-14

78. What is Nirmama means? BG 12.13-14

79. Why a pure devotee does not identify with the body? BG 12.13-14

80. How a pure devotee is always joyful? BG 12.13-14

81. How a pure devotee is not swayed by false arguments? BG 12.13-14

82. Why the Lord says that such a devotee is very dear to Him? BG 12.13-14

83. What are the more qualifications are further being described by Lord

84. if others try to put a devotee into anxiety? BG 12.15

85. When a materialistic person becomes very happy ? BG 12.15

86. Who is very dear to Kṛṣṇa? BG 12.15

87. How a devotee is clean both inwardly and outwardly? Bg 12.16

88. How a devotee is carefree? BG 12.16

89. Why a pure devotee is never pained? BG 12.16

90. How a pure devotee does not endeavor for anything which is against the principles of devotional service? BG 12.16

91. What are the more qualities of a pure devotee? BG 12.17

92. If a pure devotee loses anything which is very dear to him what he will do? Bg 12.17

93. if he does not get what he desires what he will do? BG 12.17

94. What a pure devotee risks for the satisfaction of the Supreme Lord? BG 12.17

95. What is the nature of human society? BG 12.18-19

96. Why a pure devotee is called silent? BG 12.18-19

97. Is Silence means that one should not speak? BG 12.18-19

98. How a devotee is happy in all conditions? BG 12.18-19

99. Why a pure devotee is called fixed? BG 12.18-19

100. One who wants to be recognized as a devotee what should he do? BG 12.18-19

101. The question of who is better - one who is engaged in the path of impersonal Brahman or one who is engaged in the personal service of the Supreme Personality of Godhead - was raised by Arjuna? BG 12.20
