

Name: _____

Date: _____

Bhagavad gita chapter-18

1. Who is the composer of the Vedānta-sūtra? BG 18.1

2. What is The purpose of life? BG 18.1

3. What Arjuna wants to clarify from Lord Krishna? BG 18.1

4. Whom the doubts are always compared to? BG 18.1

5. Why Kṛṣṇa is known as Keśi-niṣūdana? BG 18.1

6. What is call the renounced order of life [sannyāsa]? BG 18.2

7. What is call renunciation [tyāga]? BG 18.2

8. What activity should not to be given up? BG 18.2

9. What is recommended in the Vedic literature? BG 18.3

10. What is Śrī Kṛṣṇa, judgment about renunciation? BG 18.4

11. What Lord says about vivāha-yajña or marriage ceremony? BG 18.5

12. What Lord says about Sannyāsīs? BG 18.5

13. What Lord says about charity? BG 18.5

14. Why all sacrifices which are meant for material advancement in life should be given up? Bg 18.6

15. Why any activity which leads to devotional service to the Lord should be accepted? BG 18.6

16. What A devotee of the Lord should accept ? BG 18.6

17. Why Cooking for oneself is prohibited? BG 18.7

18. When it is to be understood that he is acting in the mode of darkness?BG 18.7

19. Why One who is in Kṛṣṇa consciousness should not give up earning money? BG 18.8

20. What renunciation is in the mode of passion? BG 18.8

21. How Prescribed duties must be performed? BG 18.9

22. How A man working in Kṛṣṇa consciousness in a factory ? BG 18.9

23. Who should be known as most intelligent and beyond all doubts in his activities? BG 18.10

24. Who is actually a renouncer according to Bhagavad gita? Bg 18.11

25. Who are situated in the renounced order of life? BG 18.11

26. Who does not enjoy or suffer the results of his acts after death? BG 18.12

27. how is it that the person in Kṛṣṇa consciousness does not suffer or enjoy the reactions of work?BG 18.13

28. How The ultimate control is invested in the Supersoul? BG 18.13

29. The word adhiṣṭhānam refers to? BG 18.14

30. What is known as kartā, “the doer.”? BG 18.14

31. How by the senses the soul acts in various ways? BG 18.14

32. Who is not bound by any activity? BG 18.14

33. Why Those in complete Kṛṣṇa consciousness are not ultimately responsible for their actions? BG 18.14

34. Why The words “right” and “wrong” are very significant ? BG 18.15

35. Why A foolish person cannot understand that the Supersoul is sitting as a friend within and conducting his actions? BG 18.16

36. Who thinks himself to be the doer? BG 18.16

37. Why Lord informs Arjuna that the desire not to fight arises from false ego? BG 18.17

38. Who is perfect in doing everything? BG 18.17

39. Who is even though killing, does not kill? BG 18.17

40. Who is certainly judged by a court of law? Bg 18.17

41. What are three kinds of impetus for daily work? BG 18.18

42. What elements human being has ? BG 18.18

43. What is called inspiration? BG 18.18

44. When work takes the form of action? BG 18.18

45. What is called impetus? BG 18.18

46. What is called the accumulation of work? BG 18.18

47. What Lord says about the different types of knowledge? BG 18.19

48. Which knowledge posses in the mode of goodness? BG 18.20

49. How in every body is to see in the mode of goodness? BG 18.20

50. Which knowledge is an aspect of self-realization? BG 18.20

51. What is called knowledge in the mode of passion? BG 18.21

52. Why there is no separate soul beyond the body? BG 18.21
