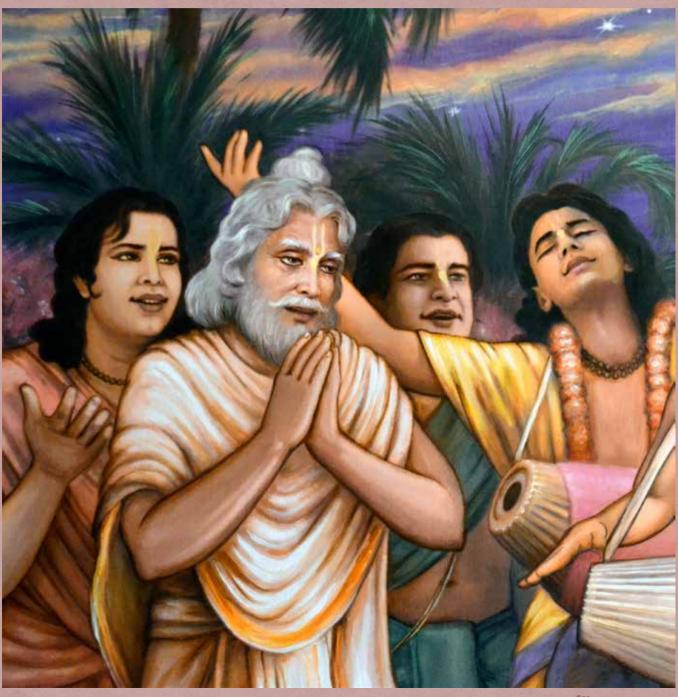


Śrī Advaita-viṣayaka The Blessed Topics of Srila Adwaita Acharya



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• THE IDENTITY OF ADWAITA ACHARYA His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada

• THE LOUD CRIES OF ADWAITA ACHARYA Srila Vrindavan Das Thakur and Srila Bhaktisiddhanta Saraswati Thakur Prabhupada

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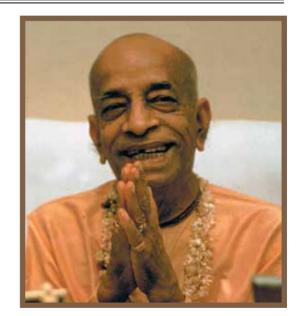
• THE APPEARANCE OF SRILA ADWAITA ACHARYA The medieval poet Vaishnava Das



THE IDENTITY OF Adwaita Acharya

His Divine Grace A. C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada

The basic understanding is that Sada-Siva is an expansion of Maha-Visnu and that same Sada-Siva incarnates as Advaitacarya. Therefore, since Advaitacarya is an incarnation of Sada-Siva who is non-different from Maha-Visnu, we can say that Advaitacarya is an incarnation of Maha-Visnu. It can be said both ways, that He is an incarnation of Sada-Siva or Maha-Visnu. Maha-Visnu. It can be said both ways, that He is an incarnation of Sada-Siva or Maha-Visnu.



Cover: Adwaita Acharya Prays in Kirtana. Painting by Taralakshi Dasi.



Adwaita Pat at Shantipur in Nadia District, where Adwaita Acharya used to stay



Srila Vrindavan Das Thakur's Śrī Caitanyabhāgavata, ādi-līlā, chapter 2

Purports by Srila Bhaktisiddhanta Saraswati Thakur Prabhupada

tulasī-mañjarī-sahita gaṅgā-jale niravadhi seve kṛṣṇe mahā-kutūhale

Sri Adwaita Acharya would enthusiastically worship Krishna with *tulasī-mañjarīs* and water from the Ganga. (81)

huńkāra karaye kṛṣṇa-āveśera teje ye dhvani brahmāṇḍa bhedi' vaikuṇṭhete bāje

He loudly called for Krishna in great spiritual ecstasy. That sound vibration pierced the covering of the universe and was heard in the Vaikuntha planets. (82)

PURPORT: Sri Adwaita Acharya Prabhu was a plenary incarnation of Lord Vishnu. Therefore,

by his great endeavor and influence, his chanting of Krishna's names crossed beyond the enjoying realm and sensual perception of the material world and echoed in the supreme abode of Vishnu, the transcendental Vaikunthalokas, which are composed of pure goodness. Within this universe there are fourteen planetary systems, among which Maharloka, Janaloka, Tapaloka, and Satyaloka are situated at the top of the three worlds. Sri Adwaita Acharya Prabhu engaged in Lord Hari's service by chanting the names of Krishna, which crossed beyond these planets born of the material modes of nature and entered into the transcendental realm of Vaikuntha, which is free from all anxiety.

> ye-premera huṅkāra śuniñā kṛṣṇa nātha bhakti-vaśe āpane ye ha-ilā sākṣāt

On hearing Adwaita Prabhu's cries of love, Lord Krishna personally appeared, for he is controlled by the love of his devotees. (83)

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श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्दु



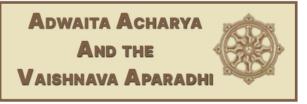
Deity of Adwaita Acharya at his Sripat at Shantipur in Nadia District. Before going to the West, Srila A. C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada used to come and pray here for the mercy of Adwaita Acharya

PURPORT: The Lord of Sri Adwaita Prabhu, Sri Krishna, heard Adwaita's loud cries of love, and to fulfil his prayer and accept his pure service the Lord appeared for the benefit of Adwaita Prabhu's followers.

> ataeva advaita — vaiṣṇava-agragaṇya nikhila-brahmāṇḍe yāṅra bhakti-yoga dhanya

Therefore, Adwaita Acharya is the best of all vaiṣṇavas. There is no comparison to his devotional service in the entire universe. (84)

PURPORT: For all these reasons, Sri Adwaita Prabhu is the first and foremost of the *vaiṣṇavas*. He is famous as the topmost devotee in the entire universe. In this world there is no devotee engaged in the service of Hari like him. He is personally *viṣṇu-tattva*, and as an *ācārya* he is an incarnation of a devotee and as good as Hari.

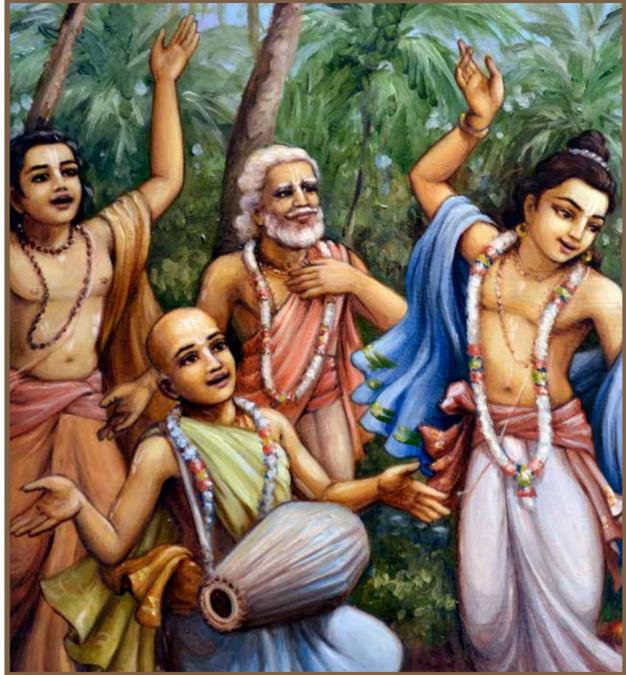


From Srila Narahari Chakravarti Thakur's Śrī Bhakti-ratnākara, fifth wave

Once there was a worthless Brahmin in Mathura who had the habit of always criticizing *vaiṣṇavas*. He was a proud scholar and a wicked man, so the inhabitants of Mathura feared him. On one occasion he spoke abusive words about the *vaiṣṇavas* in front of Adwaita Acharya Prabhu.

Adwaita became so furious that his lips began to tremble and his eyes grew red. He shouted at the Brahmin, "O wicked man, today you will not be freed from me. I shall sever your head from your body with this *cakra*." Adwaita then assumed a four-armed form and the Brahmin began to tremble in fear. He folded his hands and tried to pacify Adwaita, saying:

[—] Srila Vrindavan Das Thakur's Śrī Caitanya-bhāgavata. with commentary of Bhaktisiddhanta Saraswati Thakur. English translation by Bhumipati Das. Edited and published by Pundarik Vidyanidhi Das. Vrajaraj Press. Vrindavan. 2001.



Kīrtana with Adwaita Acharya

karayoḍa kariyā kahaye bārabāra ye ucita daṇḍa prabhu karaha āmāra

duhsanga-prayukta mora buddhināśa haila nā jāni' vaiṣṇava-tattva aparādha kaila

"O Lord, punish me as you like. I deserve your punishment. Due to bad association I lost my good intelligence, and not understanding *vaiṣṇava-tattva* I have committed offenses. (texts 182-183)

kainu aparādha yata saṅkhyā nāi tāra mo hena pāṣaṇḍe prabhu karaha uddhāra "There is no limit to the number of offenses I have committed. O my lord! Please deliver this *pāṣaṇḍi*, atheistic offender." (184)

The Brahmin began to cry helplessly, and Adwaita concealed his four-handed figure. Seeing the wretched condition of the Brahmin, Adwaita felt pity for him and decided to bless him.

> kailā aparādha mahānaraka bhuñjite ebe ye kahiye tāhā kara sābahite







Pancha-tattva: Adwaita Acharya, Nityananda Prabhu, Chaitanya Mahaprabhu, Gadadhar Pandit, and Srivas Thakur

āpanāke sāparādha haiyā sarvakṣaṇa sarvatyāga kari' kara nāṁa-saṅkīrtana

"You should understand that the sins you have committed will send you to hell," said Adwaita. "But I will tell you some means to rectify yourself. You should admit your guilt, give up everything and engage yourself in *nāma-saṅkīrtana*. (187-188)

prāņapaņa kari' santosibā vaisņavere sadā sābadhāna ha'bā vaisņavera dvāre

Serve the *vaiṣṇavas* with all your heart and soul and always be very cautious in your dealings with them. (189)

bhakti-aṅga yājanete niyukta ha-ibe dekhile ye mūrti tāhā gopane rākhibe'

Engage yourself in worship according to the standards of pure devotion and don't tell anyone what you have seen today." (190)

After advising the Brahmin, Adwaita Acharya Prabhu then left on pilgrimage. Following the instructions of Adwaita Prabhu, the Brahmin absorbed himself in *nāma-saṅkīrtana* and humbled himself by

Adwaita Acharya was Clean Shaven Srila Bhaktisiddhanta Saraswati Thakur Prabhupada

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In accordance with scriptural injunctions, Sri Adwaita Prabhu shaved his moustache, beard, and hair. Hair of any length on the chin is in ordinary language called $d\bar{a}d\bar{i}$, or beard. Due to ignorance some people attribute on him the symptoms like dress, beard, and hair of a foolish *bāula*. But actually he was clean-shaven.

— Purport to Srila Vrindavan Das Thakur's Śrī Caitanyabhāgavata madhya 16.99, with commentary of Bhaktisiddhanta Saraswati Thakur. English translation by Bhumipati Das. Edited and published by Pundarik Vidyanidhi Das. Vrajaraj Press. Vrindavan. 2001.



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Left to right: Nityananda Prabhu, Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu, Adwaita Acharya, and Sita Thakurani, the wife of Adwaita, at the Ahaulya Matha in Jagannath Puri, the place where Adwaita Acharya stayed.

visiting every house in Mathura with tears in his eyes. Observing his sincere efforts, the *vaiṣṇavas* became satisfied and wished him well. The *vaiṣṇavas* wondered what had caused the change in the Brahmin's behavior. One man knew the reason. He said, "A Brahmin once came to Mathura whose effulgence was as bright as the sun. Most likely he was the Lord in a human form. He has changed the Brahmin."

— Adapted from Srila Narahari Chakravati's Śrī *Bhakti-ratnākara* Fifth Wave texts 5.173-196. From the Gaudiya Mission edition. Calcutta. 1987.

All Glories to Sitanath



The medieval poet Hare Krishna Das

jaya sītā-nātha, ācārya advaita śāntipura grāme vāsa snāna kari niti, tīre bhāgirathī mane kari abhilāşa

All glories to Sitanath Adwaita Acharya, the resident of Shantipur! Taking a regular bath on

the banks of the Bhagirathi (Ganga) he keeps a desire in his mind.

dei gaṅgā-jala, parama nirmala jhāri bhari bāre bāra kare ākarṣaṇa, śrī-nanda-nandana habe gorā avatāra

He repeatedly offers the supremely pure waters of the Ganga to the Lord by making use of a ritual oblation vessel named Jhari. In this way, he attracts the son of Nanda Maharaja so that Gaura can appear on this planet. [**Translator's Note:** A *jhāri* is an ancient type of vessel used to offer waters of oblation to various deities.]

> tulasī mañjarī, karāṅgula dhari tāṅhe kare samarpaṇa pulake pūrita, locana mudita haiyā ānandita mana

Holding *mañjarīs* of *tulas*ī between the fingers of his joined palms, he offers it to the Lord. His body then becomes replete with goosebumps, his eyes close in ecstasy, and his mind becomes overjoyed.



Original Shaligram Shila in Shantipur that Adwaita Acharya worshiped to invoke the advent of Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu

hare-kṛṣṇa bhaṇe, advaita kāraṇe caitanya prakaṭa līlā dekha sarva-jana, saṅge bhakta-gaṇa gaurāṅga cāndera melā

Hare Krishna Das says that it is due to Adwaita Acharya that Mahaprabhu Sri Chaitanya's pastimes are manifest in the world. All of you please see the wonderful festival of Gaurachandra and his associates.

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— Translated by Hari Parshad Das. From *Vaiṣṇava Padāvalī*, fourth edition, April 2010. Compiled and edited by Hare Krishna Mukhopadhyay. Published by Shishu Sahitya Sansad Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata.



The medieval poet Balaram Das

For information about the poet Balaram Das, see Bindu issue 562.

vandiba advaita śire, ye ānilā dhīre dhīre mahāprabhu avanī mājhāre nandera nandana ye, śacīra nandana se nityānanda rāya sakhā yāre

With full concentration I bow my head to Adwaita Acharya. I worship he who brought Mahaprabhu to

this earth. He who is the son of Nanda is the son of Sachi. His friend is Nityananda Ray.

prabhu mora advaita gosāiñ uttama adhama jane, tarāilā bhakti-dāne emana dayāla dātā nāi

There is no one more merciful than my Lord Adwaita Gosai. He has delivered both the *uttama*, the elevated, and the *adhama*, the degraded; by giving them the wealth of devotion.

uttame adhame meli,

karāilā kolā-kuli



The deity of Adwaita Acharya chants japa at Haridas Thakur's Samadhi in Jagannath Puri

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Sri Krishna Kathamrita Bindn



According to the descendents of Srila Adwaita Acharya Prabhu, this painting of him was made at the time of his manifest presence

andha badhira yata āche paṅguyā calila dhāiyā, hari hari bolāiyā dui bāhu tuliyā sabe nāce

Uniting *uttama* and *adhama*, embracing the blind, the deaf, and the lame. Everyone runs ecstatically, chanting the name of Lord Hari, and dancing with upraised arms.

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prema-vanya nitāi haite, advaita taraṅga tāte caitanya-vātāse uthalila ākāśe lāgila ḍheu, svarge nāhi vāṅche keu sapta pātāle bhedi gela

Adwaita is like the waves in the flood of Nitai's *prema*, which is spread everywhere by Chaitanya Mahaprabhu's strong breeze. The waves touch the sky, and no one escapes. These waves have inundated even the heavenly planets and the entire seven regions.

dubila ye nāgaloka, naraloka suraloka goloka bharila prema-vanya keha nāche keha gāya, keha hāse keha dhāya viśeșe dharaņī haila dhanyā

In that inundation, the planets Nagalok, Naralok and Suralok are flooded, and the entire Golok is filled with *prema*. Some dance, some sing, some laugh, some cry, and some run about. This earth planet has become most fortunate.

hena līlā kare yei,	advaita ācārya sei
ananta apāra rasa	ı-dhāma
emana premera-vanyā,	stāvara jaṅgama dhanyā
vañcita ha-ila bala	arāma

Performing such pastimes, Advaita Acharya is a boundless abode of ecstatic devotional mellows. In that flood of *prema*, all the moving and nonmoving living entities became blessed, but, sadly, the poet Balaram Das was cheated.

Balarām Dāsera Padāvali. Song 51. Edited by Manu Jana. M.A.
PhD. Published by University of Calcutta. 1988. Translated by
Prabhupada Priya Sevak Das and Jagannath Mishra Das.



śuddha-svarņa-ruciṁ divyopavītaṁ vana-mālinaṁ tila-taṇḍula-keśābhaṁ sūkṣma-śvetāmbaraṁ vibhum premānanda-mayaṁ śāntaṁ candanākta-kalevaraṁ advaitaṁ gaura-candrasyācāryam īśaṁ smarāmy aham

I remember the Supreme Lord and controller Sri Adwaita, the preceptor of Gaurachandra Mahaprabhu, whose body, with a beautiful sacred thread on it, is shining with pure gold and smeared with sandalwood paste as he wears a garland of forest flowers. Lord Adwaita's hair is of the color of sesame

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श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्दु



Nityananda Prabhu, Gauranga Mahaprabhu and Adwaita Acharya. Another vintage Bengali picture/deity from the 1800's

seed. Dressed in fine white garments, he is peaceful and saturated with bliss of pure love of God. sad-bhaktāli-niṣevitārighri-kamalam kundendu-śuklāmbaram śuddha-svarṇa-rucim su-bāhu-yugalam smerānanam sundaram śrī-caitanya-dṛśam varābhaya-karam premānga-bhūṣāñcitam advaitam satatam smarāmi paramānandaika-kandam prabhum

I continuously meditate on Lord Adwaita, the only root of the supreme bliss, who puts on the ingredients of divine love as his ornaments, granting the boon of fearlessness with his palm. Dressed in garments as white as the moon and jasmine combined, he emanates the effulgence of pure gold, while beelike devotees serve the two lotuses of his feet. The arms of Lord Adwaita are handsome and there is a smile on his beautiful face as he glances at Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu.

bhaje 'dvaitam maheśam kanaka-giri-nibham śveta-vastram praśastam ratnākalpojjvalāngam jagad-agha-haraņe sarvadotkaņṭhitam tam bhaktādhīnam samantāt stutam amara-gaṇair viśvambhara-prekṣaṇam viśvādyam viśva-bījam nikhila-bhaya-haram śuddha-bhakti-pradam tam

I worship Adwaita, who, destroying all fears and bestowing pure devotional service, is glorious Lord Mahesh himself. He wears white garments, and his limbs, decorated with jeweled ornaments, shine, thus making him look like a golden mountain. Submissive to the devotees, he is ever eager to relieve the universe of its sins. Hosts of demigods praise Lord Adwaita, who is the original being of the universe and the seed of creation, his glance fixed on Lord Vishvambhar.

— Translated by Nityananda Das from Śrī *Manohara Bhajana Dīpikā.* Published by Sri Gauranga Mahaprabhu Mandir, Chakleshwar, Govardhan. Gaurabda 517.



Vintage ācamana *spoon for* pūjā. *From the book,* The Sundhya or the Daily Prayers of the Brahmins, 1851



Deities at the Sitanath Adwaita Mandir in Nabadwip

श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्दु



Vintage Bengali painting of the Pancha-tattva



Adapted from Srila Narahari Chakravarti Thakur's

Śrī Bhakti-ratnākara 5.2038-2062

When Lord Adwaita became manifested in this world, Madhavendra Puri, Isvara Puri, Sachi Devi, and Jagannath Mishra were also manifest. To the living entities, Lord Adwaita was merciful without end. On the pretext of taking birth there, he made the land of Bengal fortunate.

In Bengal, near Sri Hatta, is the village of Nabagram. There, Kubera Pandit, the son of Nrisimha Pandit, resided. Very fortunate Kubera Pandita walked on the path of devotional service. He thought only of Lord Krishna's lotus feet and nothing else. His saintly wife, Nabha Devi, was devoted to her husband. She was worshipped by the whole world. She became Adwaita's mother. The couple came to live at Shantipur on the bank of the Ganga. They were always absorbed in talking about Krishna.

One day, after hearing a *vaiṣṇava* blasphemed, Sri Kubera and Nabha decided to give up their lives. Seeing them on the verge of dying, by the Lord's wish a fortunate soul pacified them. Feeling sad, they lay down and fell asleep. In a dream they saw a great wonder. They saw an effulgent, handsome man, his form defeating the splendor of molten gold. Grasping another man's hands, the handsome man said sweetly:

> kalihata jīvera e duḥkha nivārite śighra avatīrṇa tumi hao prthivīte

"To relieve the conditioned souls of their sorrows, please quickly descend to the earth. (Text 2050)

tumi ākarșile āmi rahite nāriba agrajera saha śighra prakața ha-iba

"You will attract me there; I will have no power to stay here. Accompanied by my elder brother, quickly I will be manifest there." (Text 2051)

Hearing these words, the second person became joyful at heart. Then, at an auspicious moment,



Vintage painting of Nitai, Gaura, and Adwaita



In this old painting from Haridas Thakur's Samadhi in Jagannath Puri, a young Nimai Pandit goes to collect his older brother Vishwarup who is listening to a middle-aged Adwaita Acharya reading from Śrīmad Bhāgavatam

श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्दु



Pancha-tattva deities established by Srila Bhaktisiddhanta Saraswati Thakur Prabhupada at Srivas Angam in Mayapur

he entered Nabha Devi's womb. Watching all this, the Brahmin Kubera was filled with bliss. His dream broke and his heart became wild. That learned Brahmin thought, "Manifesting the form of a guru, the Supreme Personality of Godhead will become manifest in this world." Contemplating this dream, the Brahmin and his wife were overwhelmed. They had no power to check the tears that flowed from their eyes. From that day, Nabha was pregnant. She returned to Nabagram, where she stayed.

When Adwaita Acharya was manifest, the whole world became blissful at heart. Suddenly a voice declared, "Now Sri Krishna Chaitanya will be manifest on this earth. He will bring Nityananda Rama and will enjoy pastimes with his associates. He will break to pieces the sorrow of the living entities. From house to house he will preach *bhakti* and *prema*. He will make the ocean of the bliss of *saṅkīrtana* overflow its shores. This *Kali-yuga* is so fortunate! No one will be cheated of that bliss of *saṅkīrtana*." Hearing this, everyone became joyful. Kubera Pandit's home became an abode of great auspiciousness. 🍅

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The Poet Vaishnava Das

For other songs by Vaishnava Das and information about his life, see Bindus 28, 67, and 130.

e tina bhūvana mājhe avanī-maņḍala sāje tāhe pūrņa ati anupāma śoka duḥkha tāpa-traya yāra nāme śānta haya hena sei śāntipura grāma

This earthly planet is considered to be the ornament of the three planetary systems [higher, middle and lower].



Pancha-tattva deities in Cuttack, Odisha, established by Chaitanya Mahaprabhu's associate Maharaja Prataprarudra

OBEISANCES TO ADWAITA PRABHU

Srila Dhyanachandra Goswami

nistāritāśeṣa-janaṁ dayāluṁ premāmṛtābdhau parimagna-cittam caitanya-candrādṛtam arcitaṁ tam advaita-candraṁ śirasā namāmi

With my head at his feet, I offer my humble obeisances unto the merciful Sri Adwaitachandra, whose heart is drowned in the ocean of *prema*. He delivers unlimited numbers of devotees and is honored and worshipped by Sri Chaitanya-chandra. – Śrī *Gaura-govindārcana-smaraṇa-paddhati*, text 22. Translated by Haridham Das. Sanskrit Religious Institute. 1993.



In this earthly planet there exists the village of Shantipur. By pronouncing the name of this wonderful place one can be freed from lamentation, sorrow, and the three-fold material miseries.

kuvera panḍita tāya śuddha-sattva dvija-rāya nābhā devi tāhāra gṛhiņī śāntipure kare sthiti kṛṣṇa-pūjā kare niti bhakti-hīna dekhiyā avaņī

In that village, the completely purified crest-jewel of the Brahmins named Kubera Pandit lived along with his wife Nabha. Seeing the people bereft of devotion, Kubera Pandit and his wife constantly worshiped Krishna.

kalihata jīva dekhi	mano-duḥkha pāya ati	
bhakte ārādhiyā bhagavān		
sei ārādhana kāje	nābhā devī garbha-mājhe	
mahā-viṣṇu kailā adhiṣṭhāna		

Seeing the fallen condition of the living entities influenced by *Kali-yuga*, the couple felt extreme

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श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्दु



Pancha-tattva deities in Baripada, Odisha, established by Srila Rasikananda Prabhu

sorrow in their hearts, and they worshipped the Lord with great devotion. As a result of this worship, Lord Mahavishnu entered the womb of Nabha Devi.

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Quotations from the books, letters, and lectures of His Divine Grace A. C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada ©Bhaktivedanta Book Trust. All other materials, unless specified, © ISKCON Gopal Jiu Publications. All rights reserved. Blanket permission is given to redistribute Bindu in electronic or print form provided no changes are made to the contents. māgha-māsa śubhakṣaṇe śuklā saptamī dine avatīrṇa hailā mahāśaya dekhiyā paṇḍita ati hailā haraṣita mati nayane ānanda-dhārā vaya

On the auspicious moment of seventh day of the bright fortnight of the month of *māgha*, he manifested himself on this earthly planet. Upon seeing the face of the newborn child, Kubera Pandit became extremely jubilant, and tears poured from his eyes.

ācambite jagajane ānanda pāilā mane ki lāgiyā keha nāhi jāne e vaiṣṇava-dāsa bale uddhāra ha-iyā hele patita pāṣaṇḍi dīna-hīne

At that moment, everyone in the world become blissful, although no one could understand why this was happening. Thus Vaishnava Das, the humble servant of the Vaishnavas, describes how the most degraded, the atheists, the unfortunates, and the sinful all became delivered.

— Translated by Hari Parshad Das. From Gaura-pada-taraṅgiṇī. Edited by Jagadbandhu Bhadra. Sri Gauranga Press. Calcutta. 1931. Bengali.

